

## Cisco 300-220

### Conducting Threat Hunting and Defending using Cisco Technologies for CyberOps

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## Question: 1

Changes to a detection methodology to augment analytical and process gaps might include:  
(Choose two)

Response:

- A. Decreasing the use of automation and machine learning
- B. Integrating threat intelligence feeds
- C. Implementing behavioral analysis techniques
- D. Relying solely on signature-based detection

**Answer: B,C**

## Question: 2

\_\_\_\_\_ involves proactively searching through networks to detect and isolate advanced threats that evade existing security solutions.

Response:

- A. Compliance auditing
- B. Network optimization
- C. Threat hunting
- D. Software development

**Answer: C**

## Question: 3

Detection tools are limited in their effectiveness due to:  
(Choose two)

Response:

- A. The dynamic nature of cyber threats
- B. The physical security of the data center
- C. Encryption used by network protocols
- D. The evolving tactics of threat actors

**Answer: A,D**

### Question: 4

When using the MITRE ATT&CK framework to model threats, changes in \_\_\_\_\_ are critical for understanding evolving attack strategies.

Response:

- A. tactics, techniques, and procedures
- B. encryption algorithms
- C. software development methodologies
- D. organizational policies

**Answer: A**

### Question: 5

A comprehensive playbook addresses which phases of incident response?

(Choose two)

Response:

- A. Detection
- B. Budget planning
- C. Recovery
- D. Lunch break scheduling

**Answer: A,C**

### Question: 6

The integration of which products would most enhance analytical capabilities for threat hunting?

Response:

- A. Standalone antivirus solutions
- B. Disconnected SIEM and endpoint detection and response (EDR) platforms
- C. SIEM, EDR, and threat intelligence platforms
- D. Uncoordinated firewall and intrusion prevention systems

**Answer: C**

### Question: 7

Endpoint artifacts are crucial for uncovering undetected threats. Which of the following are considered endpoint artifacts?

(Choose two)

Response:

- A. Router configuration files
- B. Windows Registry keys
- C. Bash history in Linux
- D. DNS server logs

**Answer: B,C**

### Question: 8

Which level of the Pyramid of Pain is most difficult for attackers to change and adapt to when detected?

Response:

- A. Hash values
- B. IP addresses
- C. Domain names
- D. TTPs (Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures)

**Answer: D**

### Question: 9

How can logs help in identifying the tactics, techniques, and procedures of a threat actor?

Response:

- A. By showing the time of day attacks are most likely to occur
- B. By revealing patterns and anomalies that indicate malicious activity
- C. By indicating the level of user satisfaction with IT services
- D. By tracking the number of successful phishing attempts

**Answer: B**

### Question: 10

What indicates a successful C2 communication detection using endpoint logs?

(Choose two)

Response:

- A. Increased outbound traffic to unknown IPs
- B. Frequent system reboots
- C. Unusual process tree formations
- D. High volume of encrypted data sent to known ports

**Answer: A,C**

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